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## Best Practice in Surgery: Opioid Prescription Survey

1. What is your surgical speciality?
  - Cardiac Surgery
  - General Surgery
  - Neurosurgery
  - Obstetrics and gynecology
  - Orthopaedics
  - Otolaryngology, head and neck
  - Plastics
  - Thoracic Surgery
  - Urology
  - Vascular Surgery
  
2. What is your current level of training?
  - PGY1     PGY2     PGY3     PGY4     PGY5+     Fellow
  
3. Do you feel adequately educated to prescribe pain medications (including opioids) to surgical patients at discharge?
  - Yes     No     I would like more education
  
4. Rank the importance of the following in influencing your discharge prescriptions for pain control in surgical patients:

	Not influential	Somewhat influential	Very influential	N/A
Medical school education				
Clinical practice guidelines				
Educational seminars				
Habit				
Peers				
Opinion leaders				
Staff				

5. As far as you know, who is responsible for prescribing opioids to manage pain during your patient’s hospital stay? Check all that apply:
  - Pain Service
  - Surgical Fellow
  - Surgical Resident
  - Nurse Practitioner
  - Pharmacist Directives
  
6. What oral opioids do you prescribe most often in hospital? Check all that apply
  - Codeine
  - Tylenol 2
  - Tylenol 3
  - Tylenol 4
  - Percocet/oxycodone
  - Hydromorphone
  - Morphine
  - Tramadol
  - Other



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7. What oral opioids do you prescribe most often at discharge? Check all that apply

- Codeine
- Tylenol 2
- Tylenol 3
- Tylenol 4
- Percocet/oxycodone
- Hydromorphone
- Morphine
- Tramadol
- Other

8. How often do you prescribe the following adjunct pain medications in hospital?

	Never/rarely	Sometimes/often	Almost always
Acetaminophen			
NSAIDs			
Gabapentin/pregablin			
Acupuncture			
Physio			
Other			

9. How often do you prescribe the following adjunct pain medications at discharge?

	Never/rarely	Sometimes/often	Almost always
Acetaminophen			
NSAIDs			
Gabapentin/pregablin			
Acupuncture			
Physio			
Other			

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How many opioid containing pills do you usually prescribe **at discharge** for patients undergoing the following procedures:

#### Urology

- ESWL for stone treatment: \_\_\_\_\_
- Transurethral resection of bladder tumour: \_\_\_\_\_
- ESWL for vasectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic nephrectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Open prostatectomy: \_\_\_\_\_

#### OBGYN

- Diagnostic hysteroscopy for fibroids: \_\_\_\_\_
- Open radical abdominal hysterectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic hysterectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic ectopic pregnancy evacuation: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy: \_\_\_\_\_

#### General surgery

- Laparoscopic cholecystectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic appendectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Partial mastectomy (lumpectomy) with sentinel node biopsy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Open inguinal hernia repair: \_\_\_\_\_
- Mastectomy with sentinel node biopsy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic inguinal hernia repair: \_\_\_\_\_
- Laparoscopic surgery after a 5-7 day hospital stay: \_\_\_\_\_
- Open Laparotomy after a 5-7 day hospital stay: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Plastic surgery

- Single digit re-implantation: \_\_\_\_\_
- Breast augmentation: \_\_\_\_\_
- Dupuytren's contracture release: \_\_\_\_\_
- Carpal tunnel release : \_\_\_\_\_
- Breast Reconstruction with Latissimus Dorsi Flap: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Orthopaedic

- Diagnostic knee arthroplasty: \_\_\_\_\_
- Arthroscopic ACL repair: \_\_\_\_\_
- Shoulder arthroscopy and examination under anesthesia: \_\_\_\_\_
- Removal of elbow plates/screws under general anesthesia: \_\_\_\_\_
- Resection arthroplasty or arthrodesis for hammar toe deformities: \_\_\_\_\_
- Microdiscectomy for treatment of a herniated intervertebral disc: \_\_\_\_\_
- Total knee replacement (2-3 day hospital stay): \_\_\_\_\_
- Total hip replacement 2-3 day hospital stay): \_\_\_\_\_
- Hand ORIF: \_\_\_\_\_
- Multilevel Decompression and Fusion: \_\_\_\_\_

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#### Neurosurgery

- Microdiscectomy for treatment of a herniated intervertebral disc: \_\_\_\_\_
- 2-3 level spine posterior D and F: \_\_\_\_\_
- Mini-craniotomy for brain tumour biopsy under general anesthesia: \_\_\_\_\_
- Microvascular decompression of cranial nerve VII: \_\_\_\_\_
- Multilevel Decompression and Fusion: \_\_\_\_\_
- Transphenoidal Surgeries: \_\_\_\_\_
- Craniotomy: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Otolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery

- Tonsillectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Endoscopic sinus surgery: \_\_\_\_\_
- Partial thyroidectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Total thyroidectomy: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Vascular Surgery

- EVAR: \_\_\_\_\_
- Open AAA Repair: \_\_\_\_\_
- AV fistula surgery: \_\_\_\_\_
- Femoral/popliteal bypass: \_\_\_\_\_
- CEA: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Cardiac Surgery

- ACB: \_\_\_\_\_
- Open Valve Replacement: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Thoracic Surgery

- VATS: \_\_\_\_\_
- Mediastinoscopy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Pleural Aspiration and biopsy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Esophagectomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Thoracotomy: \_\_\_\_\_
- Chest Tube Insertion/Management: \_\_\_\_\_
- Bronchoscopy: \_\_\_\_\_