This study was conducted to determine whether a single test, without a case history, performed with precision and in a systematic fashion and involving all 3 joint lines, would help to narrow the diagnosis of intra-articular pathology. Our findings suggest the likeliness for the role of such palpation as an important component of the overall examination of the knee.

Competing interests: None declared.

References

Correction
In a recent Canadian Journal of Surgery article by Jason D. Archibald, Jonathan R. Love and Vivian C. McAlister (Can J Surg 2007;50[1]:20), the sentence, “Of the 340 eligible patients, adequate follow-up information was available for 310 (91.2%)” should be corrected to read “Of the 360 eligible patients, adequate follow-up information was available for 310 (86%).”