CONCLUSION

The incidental finding of focal thyroid uptake on FDG-PET scanning, a so-called PEToma, warrants careful evaluation as a substantial number will harbour a primary thyroid cancer. Use of maximum SUV values alone is a poor predictor of malignancy in these patients. At a minimum, these patients require further evaluation with ultrasonography and FNAC.

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CORRECTION

In the February issue of the *Canadian Journal of Surgery*, incorrect data were reported in Table 1 in the following research paper: Zahrai A, Chahal J, Stojimirovic D, et al. Quality of life and educational benefit among orthopedic surgery residents: a prospective, multicentre comparison of the night float and the standard call systems. *Can J Surg* 2011;54(1):25-32. This error was in the print version of the journal only; the online version has been corrected.